



PROPULSE

Version 6 / GB
102000017308

1/12
Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name PROPULSE
Product code (UVP) 84464864

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Fungicide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer CropScience Limited
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road
Cambridge
Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB
United Kingdom

Telephone +44(0)1223 226500

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

Responsible Department Email: ukcropsupport@bayer.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 00800 1020 3333 (24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 2
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Fluopyram
- Prothioconazole

**PROPULSE**Version 6 / GB
102000017308

2/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019

Print Date: 23.10.2019

**Signal word:** Warning**Hazard statements**

- H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.
 EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one, reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3- one (3:1), 2-[2-(1-chlorocyclopropyl)-2-hydroxy-3-phenylpropyl]-2,4-dihydro-3H-1,2,4-triazole-3-thione. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements

- P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
 P410 Protect from sunlight.
 P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

2.3 Other hazards

No other hazards known.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**3.2 Mixtures****Chemical nature**

Suspo-emulsion (SE)
 Fluopyram/Prothioconazole 125:125 g/l

Hazardous components

Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Fluopyram	658066-35-4 619-797-7	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	11.77
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	11.77
1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	2634-33-5 220-120-9 01-2120761540-60-0003	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400	> 0.005 – < 0.05
1,2-Propanediol	57-55-6 200-338-0 01-2119456809-23-xxxx	Not classified	> 1.00

Further information

Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	M-Factor: 10 (acute), 1 (chronic)
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PROPULSE

Version 6 / GB
102000017308

3/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways).
Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.
Skin contact	Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment Treat symptomatically. Gastric lavage is not normally required. However, if a significant amount (more than a mouthful) has been ingested, administer activated charcoal and sodium sulphate. There is no specific antidote.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture In the event of fire the following may be released: Hydrogen chloride (HCl), Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Hydrogen fluoride, Carbon monoxide (CO), Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.

Further information Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.



PROPULSE

Version 6 / GB
102000017308

4/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. Collect and transfer the product into a properly labelled and tightly closed container.

6.4 Reference to other sections Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in original container. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Protect from frost. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

**PROPULSE**Version 6 / GB
102000017308

5/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019

Print Date: 23.10.2019

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Fluopyram	658066-35-4	0.34 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Prothioconazole	178928-70-6	1.4 mg/m ³ (SK-ABS)		OES BCS*
1,2-Propanediol (Total vapour and particulates.)	57-55-6	474 mg/m ³ /150 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
1,2-Propanediol (Particulate.)	57-55-6	10 mg/m ³ (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber

Rate of permeability > 480 min

Glove thickness > 0.4 mm

Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective

**PROPULSE**Version 6 / GB
102000017308

6/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

type suit.

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	Liquid
Colour	light beige
Odour	weak, characteristic
pH	5.0 - 8.0 (100 %) (23 °C)
Flash point	> 100 °C Not relevant; aqueous solution
Auto-ignition temperature	405 °C
Ignition temperature	does not ignite
Density	ca. 1.06 g/cm ³ (20 °C)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Fluopyram: log Pow: 3.3 Prothioconazole: log Pow: 3.82 (20 °C) (pH 7)
Surface tension	37 mN/m (25 °C)
Oxidizing properties	No oxidizing properties
Explosivity	Not explosive
9.2 Other information	Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**10.1 Reactivity****Thermal decomposition** Stable under normal conditions.**10.2 Chemical stability** Stable under recommended storage conditions.**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to prescribed instructions.

**PROPULSE**Version 6 / GB
102000017308

7/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** Store only in the original container.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

- Acute oral toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
- Acute inhalation toxicity** LC50 (Rat) > 1,633 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Highest attainable concentration.
- Acute dermal toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg
- Skin corrosion/irritation** No skin irritation (Rabbit)
- Serious eye damage/eye irritation** No eye irritation (Rabbit)
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation** Non-sensitizing. (Mouse)
OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Fluopyram: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Prothioconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Fluopyram did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Prothioconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Assessment mutagenicity

Fluopyram was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Prothioconazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Assessment carcinogenicity

Fluopyram caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in rats in the following organ(s): Liver.

Fluopyram caused at high dose levels an increased incidence of tumours in mice in the following organ(s): Thyroid.

The tumours seen with Fluopyram were caused through a non-genotoxic mechanism, which is not relevant at low doses. The mechanism that triggers these tumours is not relevant to humans.

Prothioconazole was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Fluopyram caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Fluopyram is related to parental toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Prothioconazole is related to parental toxicity.

**PROPULSE**Version 6 / GB
102000017308

8/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019**Assessment developmental toxicity**

Fluopyram caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Fluopyram are related to maternal toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Prothioconazole are related to maternal toxicity.

Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Further information

No further toxicological information is available.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 10 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 28.0 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to aquatic plants EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 10.6 mg/l
Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.046 mg/l
Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.03278 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

EC10 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.01427 mg/l
Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Fluopyram:
Not rapidly biodegradable
Prothioconazole:
Not rapidly biodegradable

Koc Fluopyram: Koc: 279
Prothioconazole: Koc: 1765

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation Fluopyram: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 18
Does not bioaccumulate.
Prothioconazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 19
Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Fluopyram: Moderately mobile in soils



PROPULSE

Version 6 / GB
102000017308

9/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

Prothioconazole: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment Fluopyram: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Contaminated packaging Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times.
Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.
Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.
Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

Waste key for the unused product **02 01 08*** agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number	3082
14.2 Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (PROTHIOCONAZOLE, FLUOPYRAM SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	9
14.4 Packaging Group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	90

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number **3082**

**PROPULSE**Version 6 / GB
102000017308

10/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(PROTHIOCONAZOLE, FLUOPYRAM SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9

14.4 Packaging Group III

14.5 Marine pollutant YES

IATA

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(PROTHIOCONAZOLE, FLUOPYRAM SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9

14.4 Packaging Group III

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number **3082**

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,
N.O.S.
(PROTHIOCONAZOLE, FLUOPYRAM SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9

14.4 Packaging Group III

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

Emergency action code 3Z

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References**

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)
Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)
Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)
Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)
EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits

**PROPULSE**Version 6 / GB
102000017308

11/12

Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002**Waste Treatment**Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II
Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991
The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)
Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)
Landfill Directive
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)
Water Resources Act 1991
Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999**Further information**

WHO-classification: III (Slightly hazardous)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment is not required.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3**

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL	Worker Exposure Limit
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %



PROPULSE

Version 6 / GB
102000017308

12/12
Revision Date: 23.10.2019
Print Date: 23.10.2019

LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

Reason for Revision: The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification. Section 12. Ecological information.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.